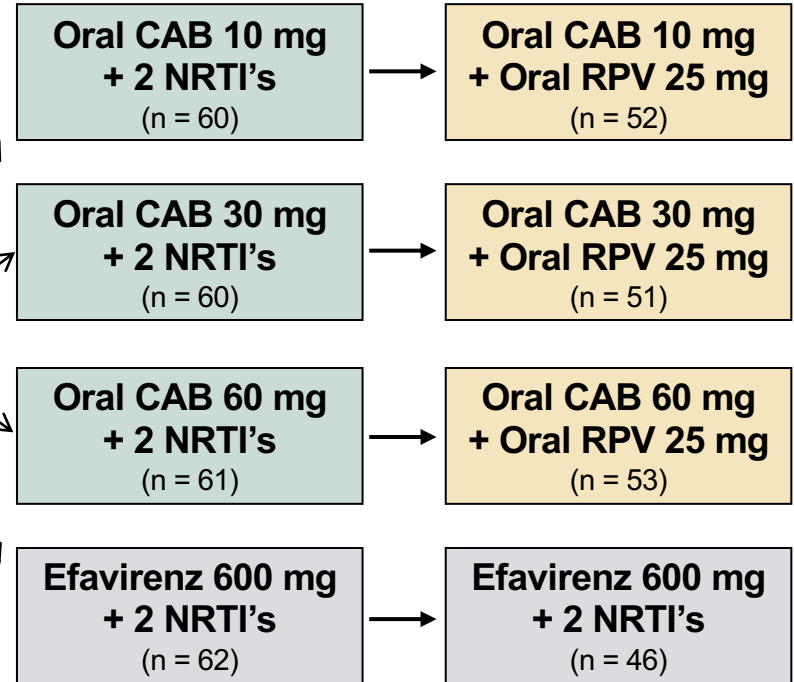


Oral Cabotegravir + Oral Rilpivirine versus Efavirenz + 2 NRTI's  
**LATTE Study**

# Oral Cabotegravir + Oral Rilpivirine versus Efavirenz + 2 NRTI's

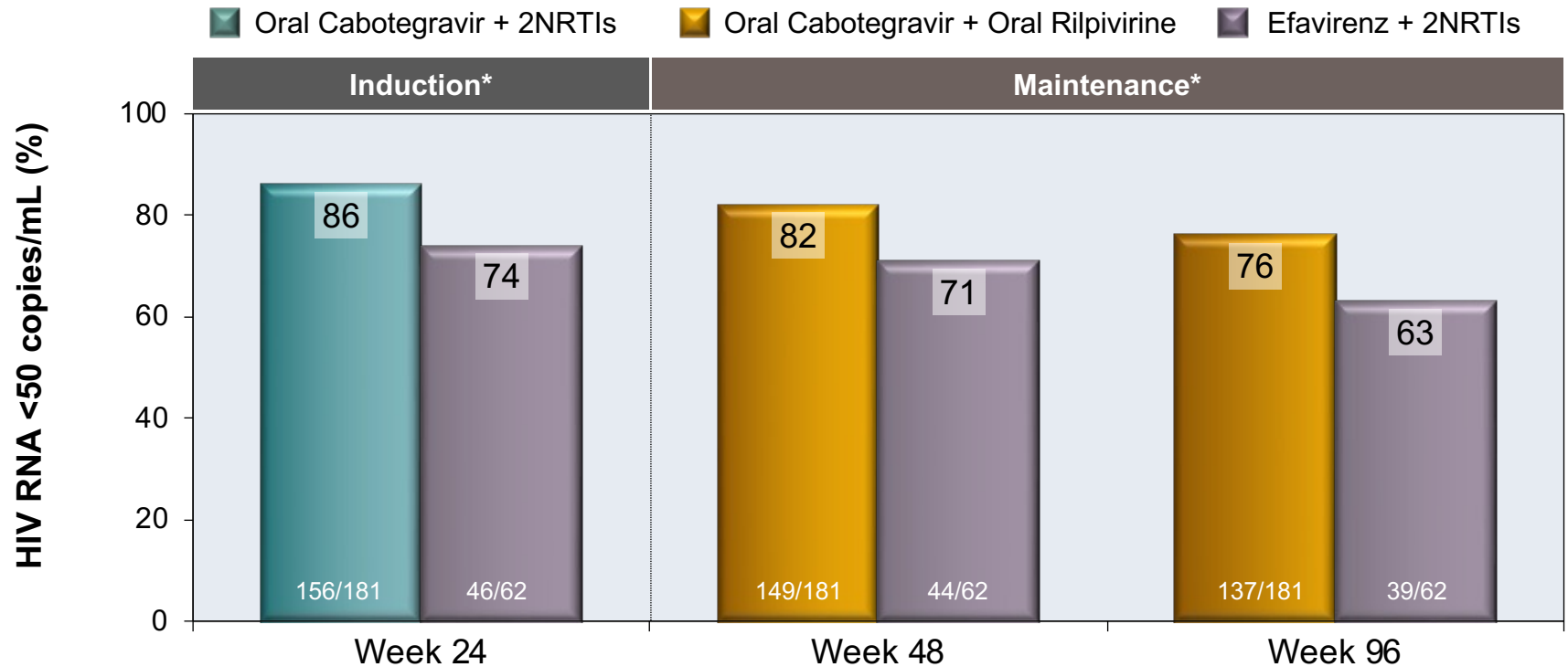
## LATTE Study: Design

- **Background:** Phase 2b, randomized, partially blinded study done at multiple centers in the U.S. and Canada
- **Inclusion Criteria**
  - Age  $\geq 18$  years
  - Antiretroviral-naïve
  - HIV RNA  $> 1,000$  copies/mL
  - CD4 count  $> 200$  cells/mm<sup>3</sup>
  - CrCl  $> 50$  mL/min
  - No hepatitis B
  - No significant transaminitis



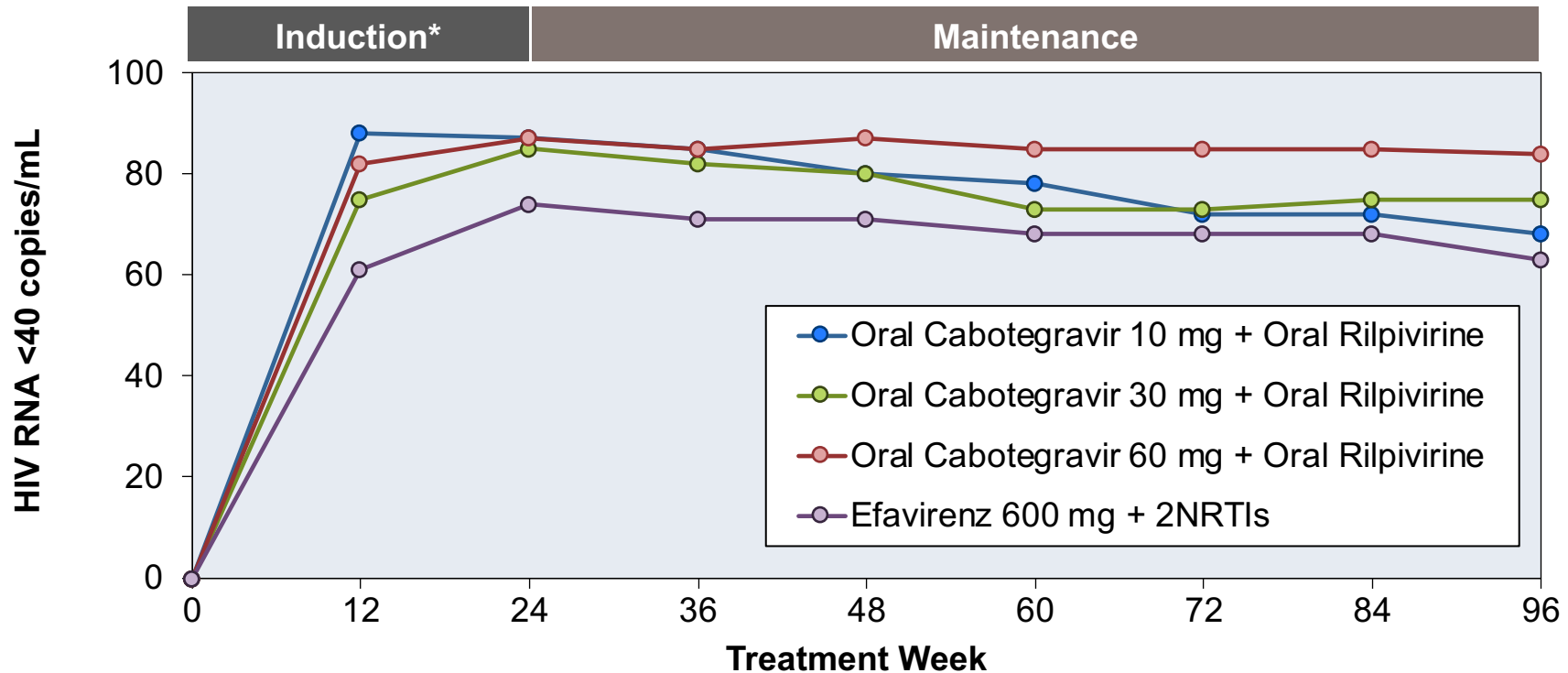
24-week lead-in phase

# Oral Cabotegravir + Oral Rilpivirine versus Efavirenz + 2 NRTI's LATTE Study: Results



\*Cabotegravir data is composite of all cabotegravir doses

# Oral Cabotegravir + Oral Rilpivirine versus Efavirenz + 2 NRTI's LATTE Study: Results



\*During induction phase cabotegravir administered with investigator chosen 2NRTIs

# Oral Cabotegravir + Oral Rilpivirine versus Efavirenz + 2 NRTI's

## LATTE Study: Conclusions

**Conclusions:** “Cabotegravir plus dual NRTI therapy had potent antiviral activity during the induction phase. As a two drug maintenance therapy, cabotegravir plus rilpivirine provided antiviral activity similar to efavirenz plus dual NRTIs until the end of week 96. Combined efficacy and safety results lend support to our selection of oral cabotegravir 30 mg once a day for further assessment. LATTE precedes studies of the assessment of long-acting injectable formulations of both drugs as a two-drug regimen for the treatment of HIV-1 infection.”

# Acknowledgments

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