

Enfuvirtide Dosing Study in PI-Experienced, NNRTI-Naïve
T20-206 Study

Enfuvirtide Dosing Study in PI-experienced, NNRTI-Naïve T20-206: Study Design

Study Design: T20-206

- **Background:** Randomized, controlled, phase II, dose-ranging trial to evaluate the safety, efficacy, and pharmacokinetics of 3 doses of enfuvirtide in combination with amprenavir, ritonavir, and efavirenz in PI-experienced, NNRTI-naïve adults
- **Inclusion Criteria (n = 71)**
 - Age ≥ 18
 - CD4 > 200 cells/mm³, HIV RNA $\geq 1,000$ copies/mL
 - PI-experienced, NNRTI-naïve
- **Treatment Arms**
 - Background regimen* + ENF 45 mg SC BID
 - Background regimen* + ENF 67.5 mg SC BID
 - Background regimen* + ENF 90 mg SC BID
 - Background regimen* alone

**ENF 45 mg SC BID +
Background Regimen**
(n = 16)

**ENF 67.5 mg SC BID +
Background Regimen**
(n = 20)

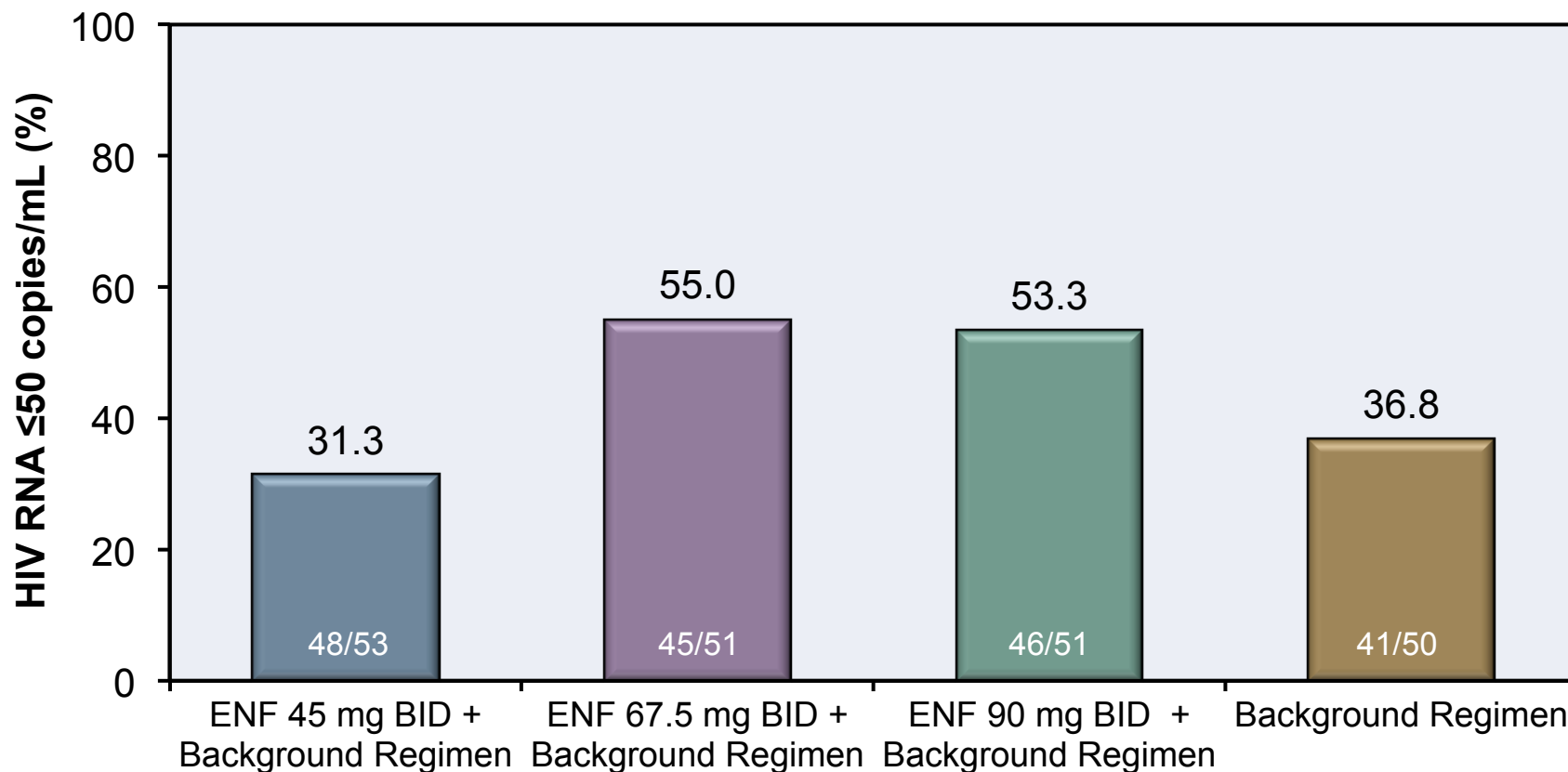
**ENF 90 mg SC BID +
Background Regimen**
(n=16)

**Control
Background Regimen**
(n=13)

*Background regimen: abacavir 300 mg BID, amprenavir 1200 mg BID, ritonavir 200 mg BID, efavirenz 600 mg QD

Enfuvirtide Dosing Study in PI-experienced, NNRTI-Naïve T20-206: Result

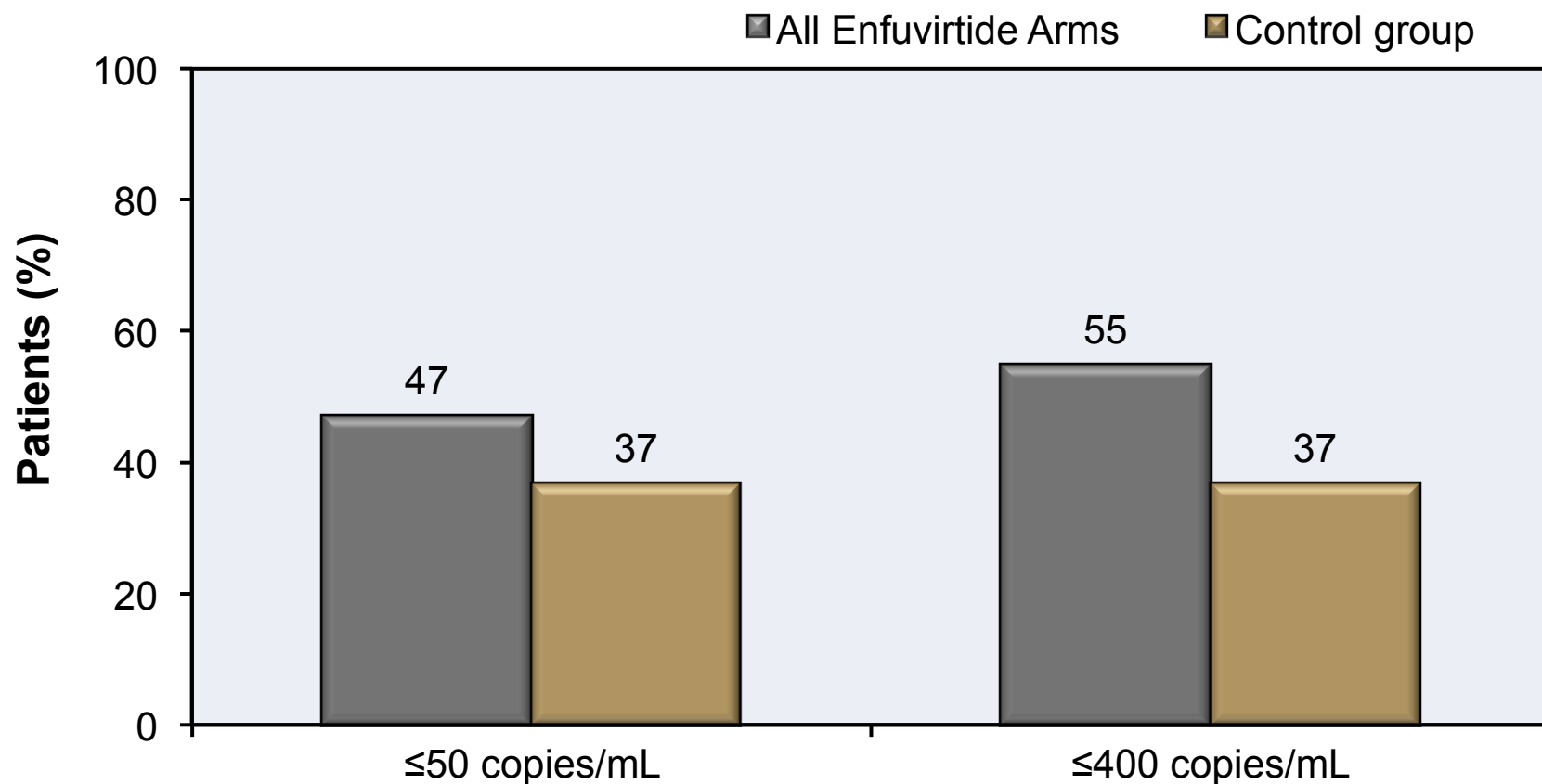
Week 48: Virologic Response, by Treatment Group (ITT)



Source: Lalezari JP, et al. *Antivir Ther.* 2003;8:279-87.

Enfuvirtide Dosing Study in PI-experienced, NNRTI-Naïve T20-206: Result

48 Week: Overall Virologic Response (ITT)



Enfuvirtide Dosing Study in PI-experienced, NNRTI-Naïve T20-206: Result

| Most Frequent Treatment-Emergent Adverse Events | ENF 45 mg | ENF 67.5 mg | ENF 90 mg | All ENF | Control |
|---|-----------|-------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| Nausea | 6 (37.5%) | 10 (50.0%) | 8 (50.0%) | 24 (46.2%) | 8 (42.1%) |
| Diarrhea | 6 (37.5%) | 10 (50.0%) | 6 (37.5%) | 22 (42.3%) | 7 (36.8%) |
| Dizziness (excluding vertigo) | 8 (50.0%) | 2 (10.0%) | 6 (37.5%) | 16 (30.8%) | 4 (21.1%) |
| Fatigue | 3 (18.8%) | 5 (25.0%) | 7 (43.8%) | 15 (28.8%) | 7 (36.8%) |
| Abnormal dreams | 3 (18.8%) | 4 (20.0%) | 6 (37.5) | 13 (25.0%) | 5 (26.3%) |
| Headache | 5 (31.5%) | 1 (50.0%) | 5 (31.3%) | 11 (21.1%) | 1 (5.3%) |
| Blood TG increase / hyperTG | 4 (25.0%) | 5 (25.0%) | 1 (6.3%) | 10 (19.2%) | 6 (31.5%) |
| Neutropenia | 5 (31.1%) | 3 (15.0%) | 1 (6.3%) | 9 (17.3%) | 3 (15.8%) |
| Hypoesthesia | 2 (12.5%) | 3 (15.0%) | 2 (12.5%) | 7 (13.5%) | 3 (15.8%) |
| Nasopharyngitis | 2 (12.5%) | 3 (15.0%) | 2 (12%%) | 7 (13.5%) | 2 (10.5%) |
| Vomiting | 1 (6.3%) | 2 (10.0%) | 4 (25.0%) | 7 (13.5%) | 4 (21.1%) |
| Dermatitis NOS | 2 (12.5%) | 2 (10.0%) | 2 (12.5%) | 6 (11.5%) | 3 (15.8%) |
| Insomnia NEC | 2 (12.5%) | 2 (10.0%) | 2 (12.5%) | 6 (11.5%) | 4 (21.1%) |

Source: Lalezari JP, et al. *Antivir Ther.* 2003;8:279-87.

Enfuvirtide Dosing Study in PI-experienced, NNRTI-Naïve T20-206: Conclusion

Conclusion: “These results indicate that enfuvirtide has a favourable safety profile and is a promising new antiviral agent for HIV-infected patients who have been on previously failing ARV regimens.”

Acknowledgment

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