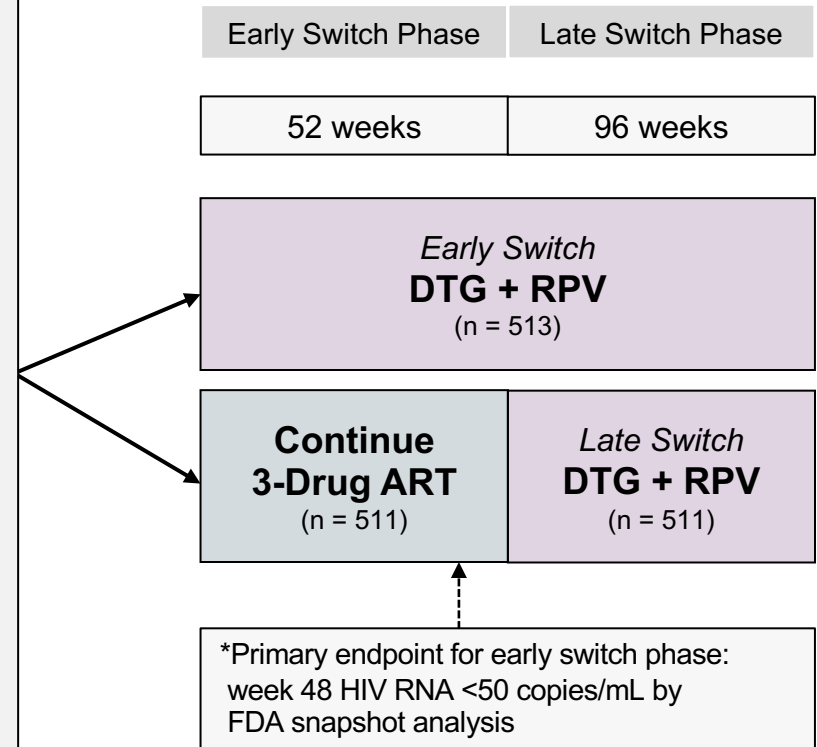


Dolutegravir plus Rilpivirine as Maintenance Dual Therapy
SWORD-1 and SWORD-2

Dolutegravir plus Rilpivirine as Maintenance Dual Therapy SWORD-1 and SWORD-2: Design

- **Background:** Identical, randomized, multinational, open-label, industry-sponsored, parallel-group, noninferiority studies of dolutegravir (DTG) plus rilpivirine (RPV) to maintain virologic suppression
- **Inclusion Criteria:**
 - Age ≥ 18 years of age
 - On stable 3-drug ART ≥ 6 months
 - No history of virologic failure
 - No resistance to DTG or RPV
 - Taking 1st or 2nd ART regimen
 - HIV RNA < 50 copies/mL in prior 12 months
 - HIV RNA < 50 copies/mL at screening
 - No HBV co-infection
- **Regimen (Once Daily):**
 - Dolutegravir 50 mg + Rilpivirine 25 mg



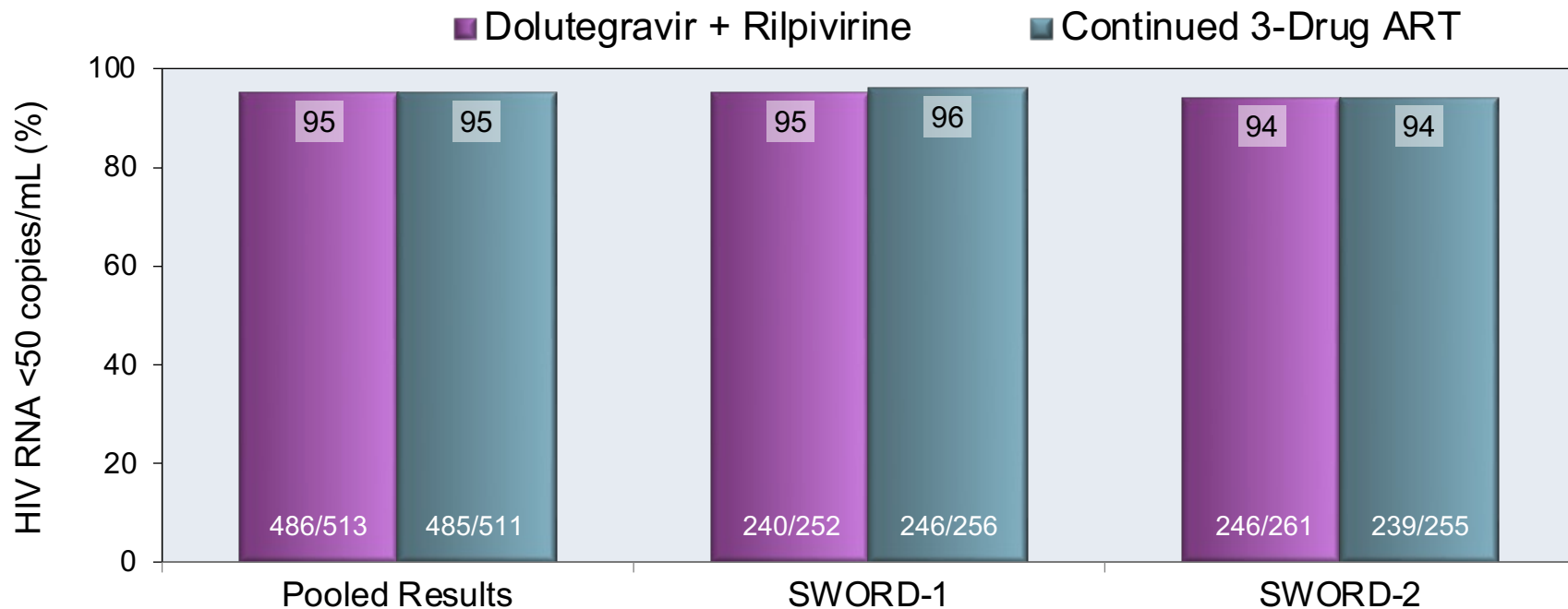
Dolutegravir plus Rilpivirine as Maintenance Dual Therapy SWORD-1 and SWORD-2: Baseline Characteristics

Baseline Characteristic	DTG + RPV (n = 513)	3-Drug ART (n = 511)
Age, mean (range)	43 (21-79)	43 (22-76)
Age ≥50 years	147 (29%)	142 (28%)
Female	120 (23%)	108 (21%)
Race, non-White	92 (18%)	111 (22%)
CD4 count, median (cells/mm ³)	611	638
Baseline PI	133 (26%)	136 (27%)
Baseline NNRTI	275 (54%)	278 (54%)
Baseline INSTI	105 (20%)	97 (19%)
Baseline Tenofovir DF	374 (73%)	359 (70%)
Prior ART duration (median)	51 months	53 months

Source: Llibre JM, et al. Lancet. 2018;39:839-49.

Dolutegravir plus Rilpivirine as Maintenance Dual Therapy SWORD-1 and SWORD-2: Pooled Results at Week 48

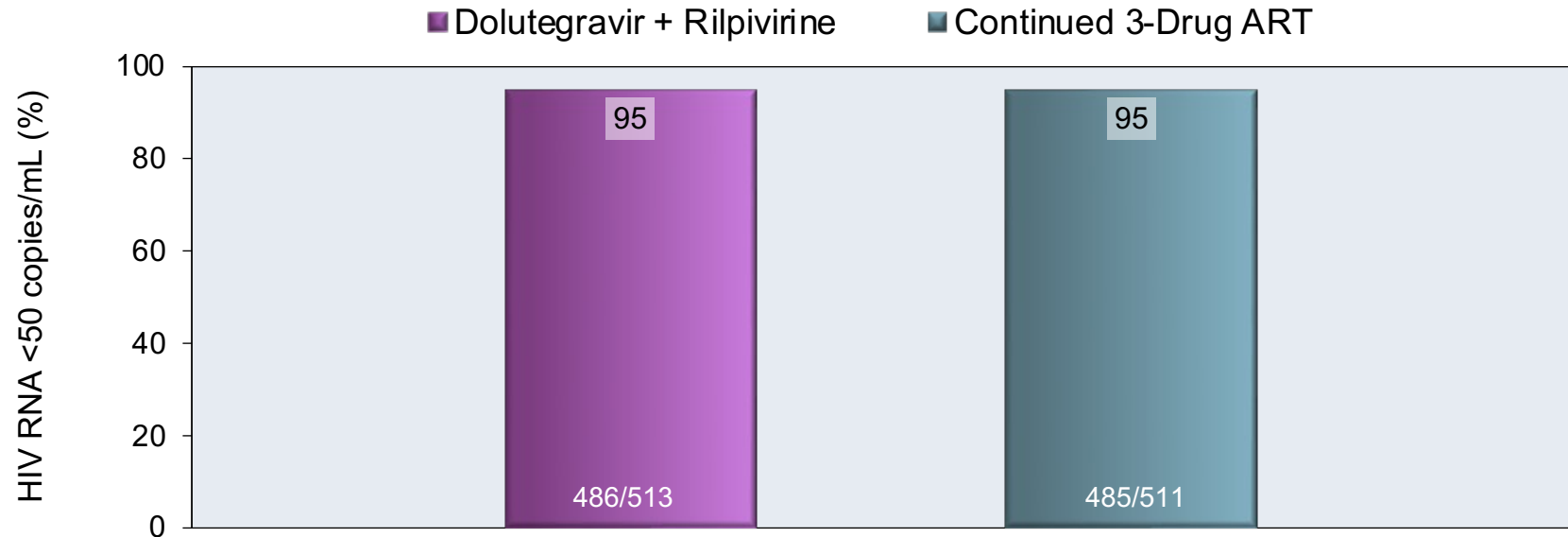
Week 48 Virologic Response



Source: Llibre JM, et al. Lancet. 2018;39:839-49.

Dolutegravir plus Rilpivirine as Maintenance Dual Therapy SWORD-1 and SWORD-2: Pooled Results at Week 48

Week 48 Virologic Response (by FDA Snapshot Analysis)

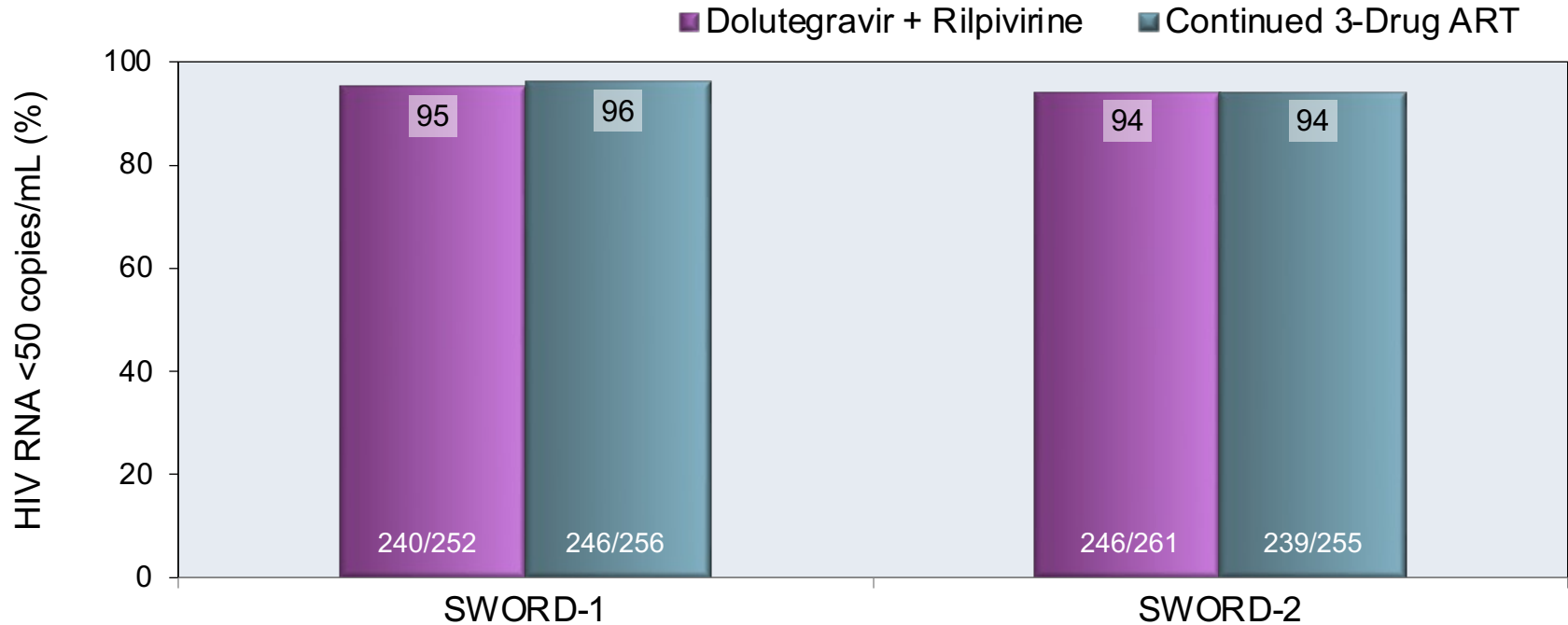


- Confirmed virologic withdrawal: 2 (<1%) in each arm
- One NNRTI resistance mutation (K101K/E) detected in DTG + RPV arm
- No integrase resistance occurred

Source: Llibre JM, et al. Lancet. 2018;39:839-49.

Dolutegravir plus Rilpivirine as Maintenance Dual Therapy SWORD-1 and SWORD-2: Results at Week 48

Week 48 Virologic Response by SWORD-1 and SWORD-2



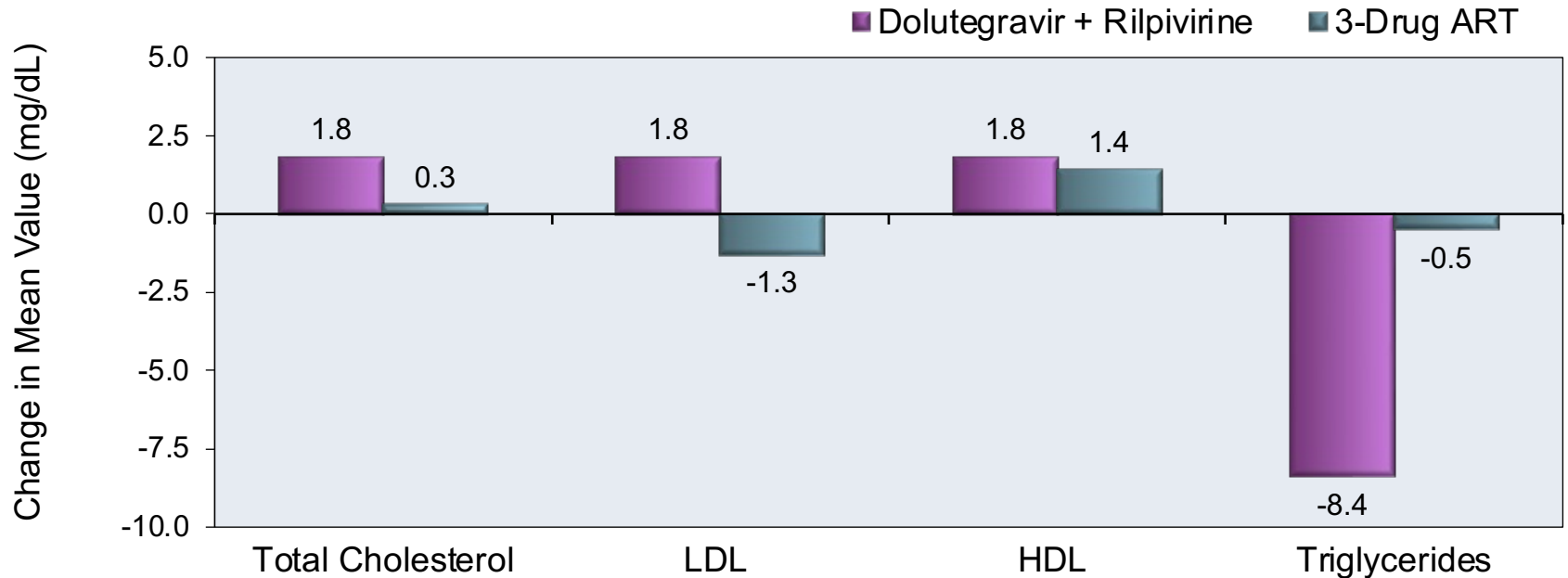
Dolutegravir plus Rilpivirine as Maintenance Dual Therapy SWORD-1 and SWORD-2: Pooled Results at Week 48

SWORD 1 & 2 Pooled Results: 48-Week Adverse Events (AE)		
	DTG + RPV (n = 513)	3-Drug ART (n = 511)
Any AE	395 (77%)	364 (71%)
Drug-related serious AE	4 (1%)	1 (<1%)
Grade 1 drug-related AE	247 (48%)	244 (48%)
Grade 2 drug-related AE	116 (23%)	116 (20%)
Grade 3 drug-related AE	27 (5%)	17 (3%)
Grade 4 drug-related AE	5 (1%)	3 (1%)
AE leading to study withdrawal	17 (3%)	3 (1%)
CNS AE leading to study withdrawal	9 (2%)	1 (<1%)

Source: Llibre JM, et al. Lancet. 2018;39:839-49.

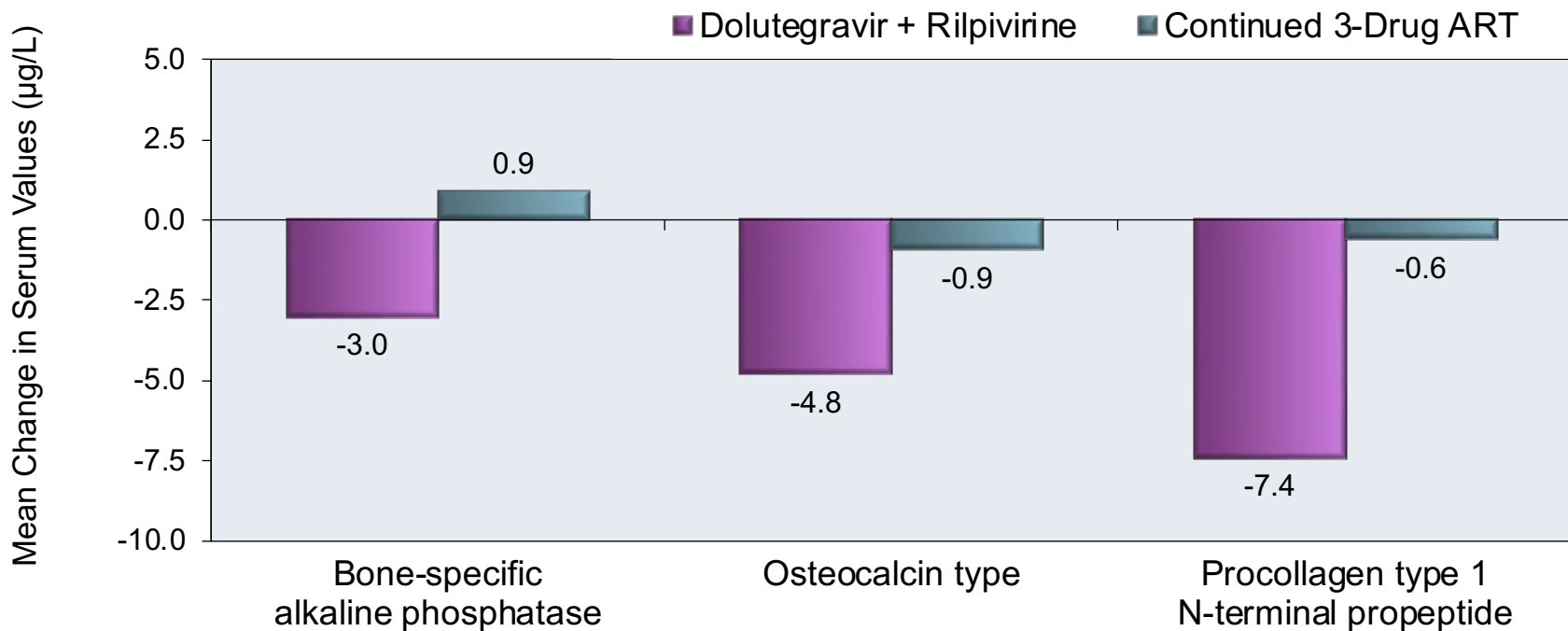
Dolutegravir plus Rilpivirine as Maintenance Dual Therapy SWORD-1 and SWORD-2: Pooled Results at Week 48

Week 48: Change in Plasma Lipids from Baseline



Dolutegravir plus Rilpivirine as Maintenance Dual Therapy SWORD-1 and SWORD-2: Pooled Results at Week 48

Week 48: Change in Bone Biomarkers from Baseline

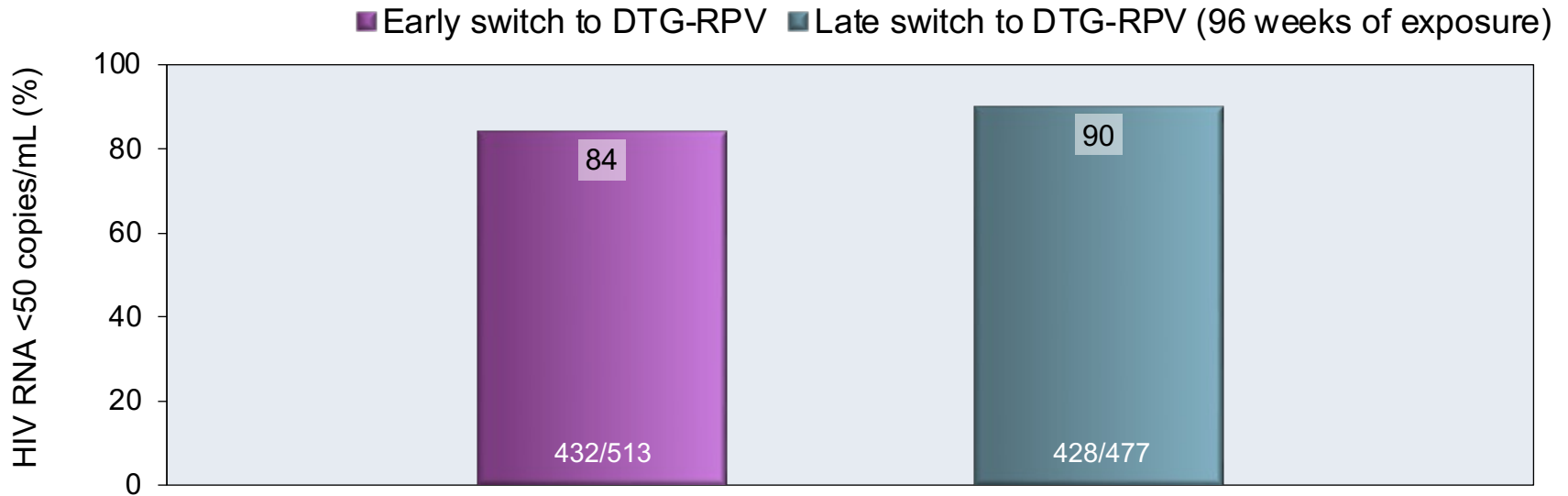


Dolutegravir plus Rilpivirine as Maintenance Dual Therapy SWORD-1 and SWORD-2: 48-Week Data Conclusion

Interpretation: “Dolutegravir-rilpivirine was noninferior to current antiretroviral therapy regimen over 48 weeks in participants with HIV suppression and showed a safety profile consistent with its components. Results support the use of this two-drug regimen to maintain HIV suppression.”

Dolutegravir plus Rilpivirine as Maintenance Dual Therapy SWORD-1 and SWORD-2: Pooled Results at Week 148

Week 148 Virologic Response (by FDA Snapshot Analysis)



- 1% of all participants (n = 11) met criteria for confirmed virologic withdrawal through week 148
- NNRTI resistance-associated mutations detected in 6 total participants (<1%); no INSTI mutations identified
- Improvement in bone biomarkers observed; improvement in renal biomarkers occurred for those who switched off TDF

Dolutegravir plus Rilpivirine as Maintenance Dual Therapy SWORD-1 and SWORD-2: 148-Week Data Conclusion

Interpretation: “Switching to the 2-drug regimen dolutegravir plus rilpivirine maintained virologic suppression for a high proportion of participants through 3 years, with low rates of virologic failure and a well-tolerated safety profile.”

Acknowledgments

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