

Elvitegravir-Cobicistat-TAF-FTC in Renal Impairment  
**Study 112**

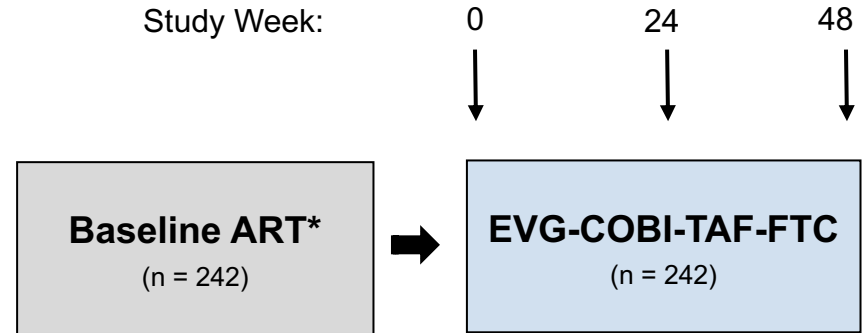
# Elvitegravir-Cobicistat-TAF-FTC in Renal Impairment Study 112: Design

- **Background:** Open-label, single-arm, phase 3 trial evaluating switching to once-daily elvitegravir-cobicistat-tenofovir alafenamide-emtricitabine from baseline ART\*
- **Inclusion Criteria** (n = 242)
  - HIV RNA < 50 copies/mL for ≥6 months
  - eGFR stable at 30-69 mL/min ≥3 months
  - CD4 ≥50 cells/mm<sup>3</sup>
  - No new AIDS conditions in past 30 days
  - No resistance to EVG, FTC, or TDF
- **Treatment Arms**
  - Switch to EVG-COBI-TAF-FTC

## \*Baseline ART

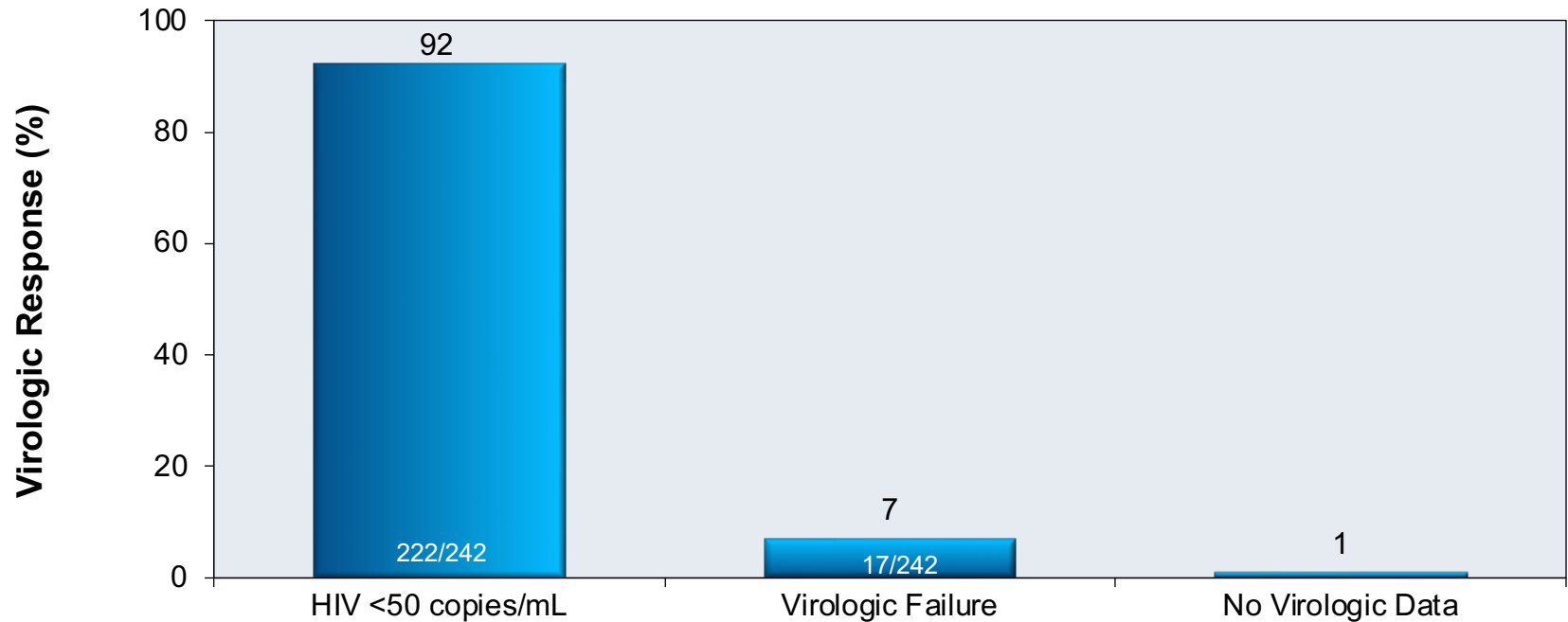
**NRTIs:** Tenofovir DF 65%, Abacavir 22%, Other NRTI 7%, No NRTI 5%

**Third Agent:** PI 44%, NNRTI 42%, INSTI 24%, CCR5 Antagonist 3%



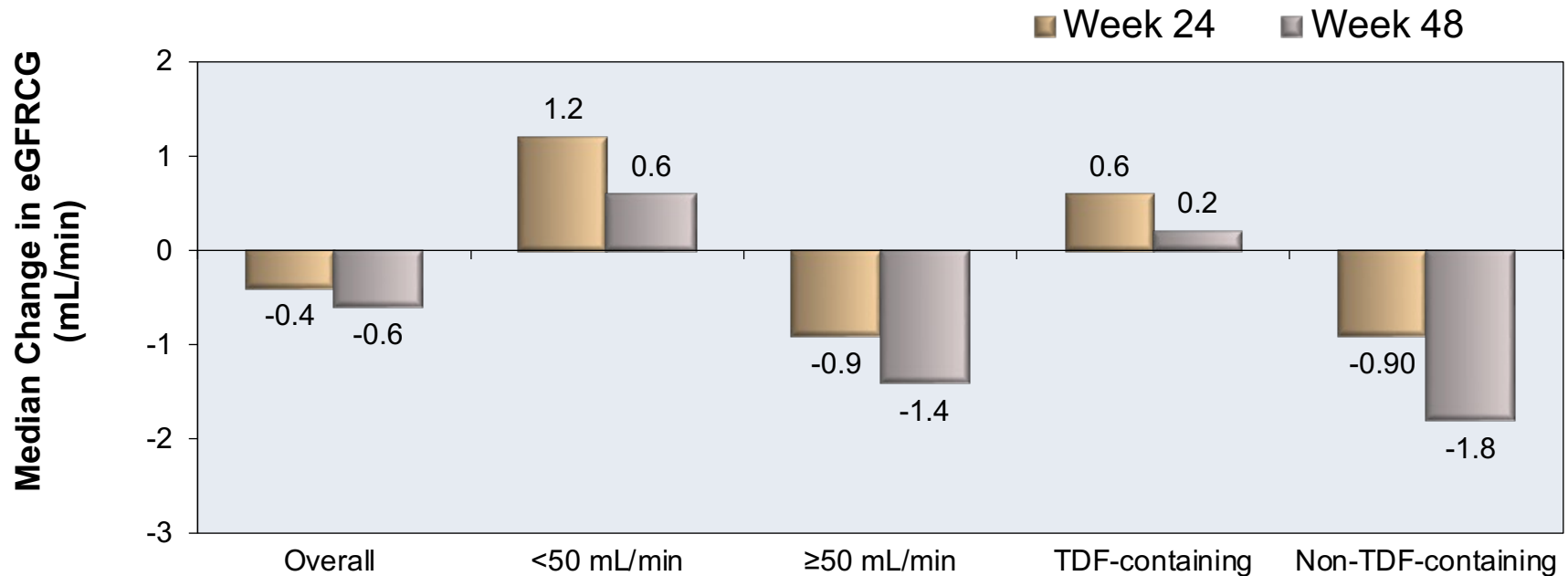
# Elvitegravir-Cobicistat-TAF-FTC in Renal Impairment Study 112: Result

## Week 48 Virologic Response



# Elvitegravir-Cobicistat-TAF-FTC in Renal Impairment Study 112: Subgroup Analysis Result

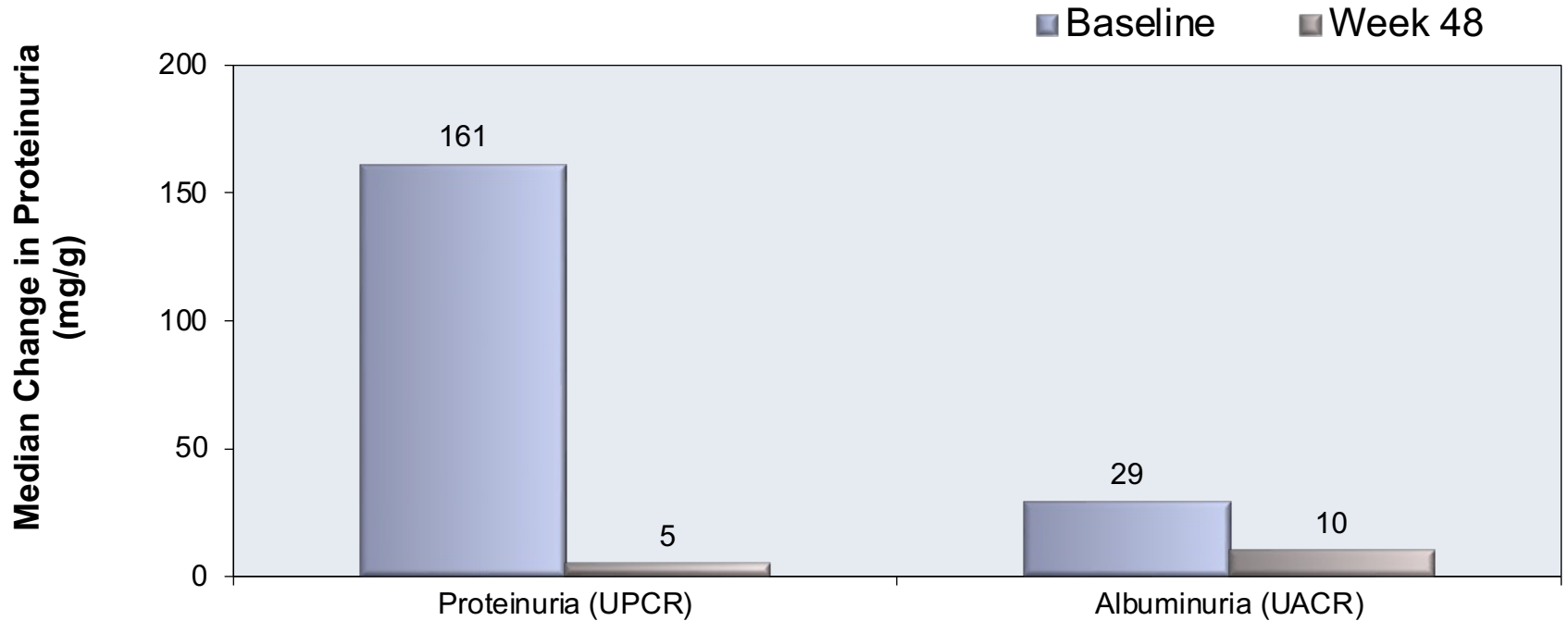
Change in Estimated GFR\* from Baseline to Weeks 24 and 48



\*GFR estimated by Cockcroft Gault

# Elvitegravir-Cobicistat-TAF-FTC in Renal Impairment Study 112: Result

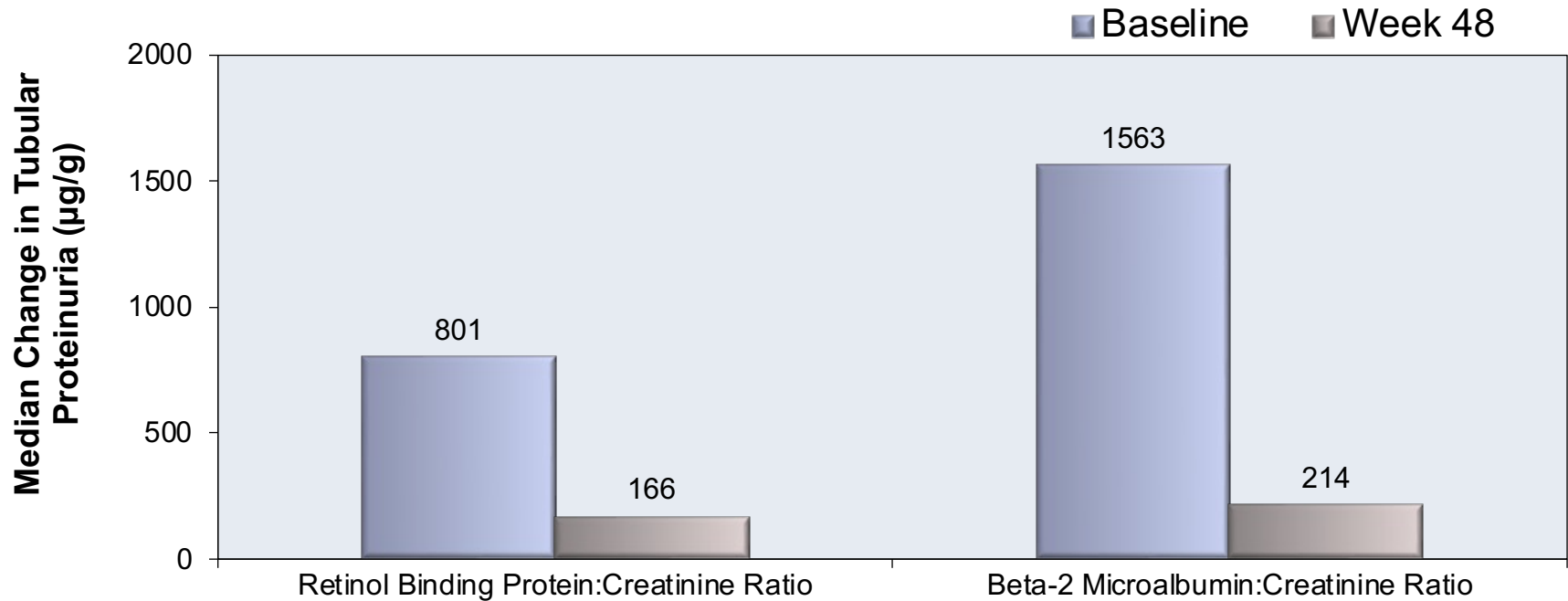
Week 48: Changes in General Proteinuria



Source: Pozniak A, et al. J Acquir Immune Defic Syndr. 2016;71:530-7.

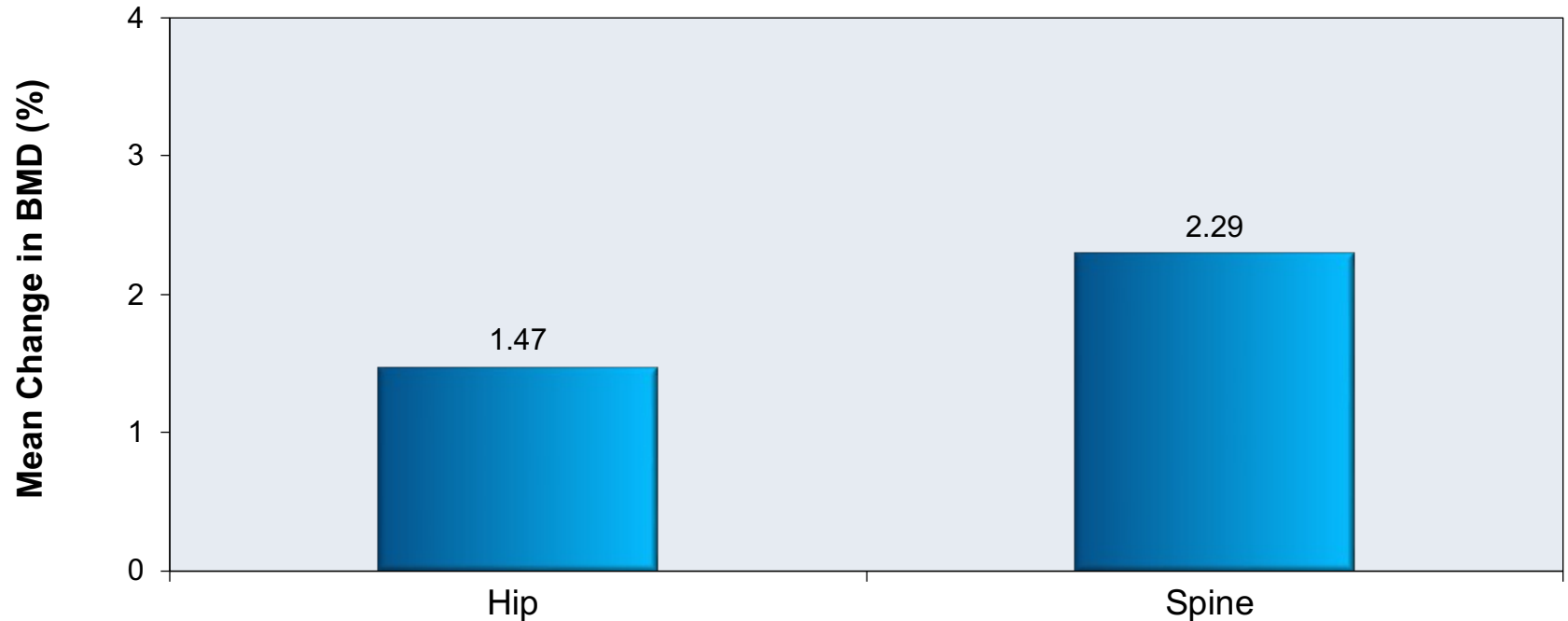
# Elvitegravir-Cobicistat-TAF-FTC in Renal Impairment Study 112: Result

Week 48: Changes in Tubular Proteinuria



# Elvitegravir-Cobicistat-TAF-FTC in Renal Impairment Study 112: Result

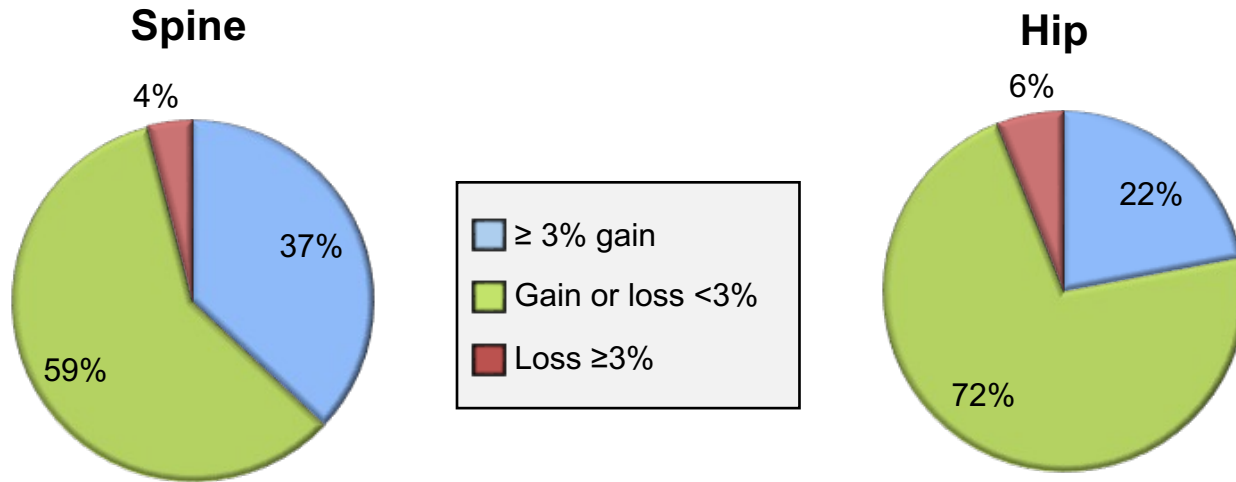
Week 48: Changes in Bone Mineral Density (BMD)



Source: Pozniak A, et al. J Acquir Immune Defic Syndr. 2016;71:530-7.

# Elvitegravir-Cobicistat-TAF-FTC in Renal Impairment Study 112: Result

Week 48: Changes in Spine and Hip Bone Mineral Density (BMD)





# Elvitegravir-Cobicistat-TAF-FTC in Renal Impairment Study 112: Conclusions

**Interpretation:** “Switch to E/C/F/TAF was associated with minimal change in GFR. Proteinuria, albuminuria and bone mineral density significantly improved. These data support the efficacy and safety of once daily E/C/F/TAF in HIV+ patients with mild or moderate renal impairment without dose adjustment.”

# Acknowledgments

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