

EFV + TDF + FTC versus EFV + ZDV-3TC
Study 934

Efavirenz + TDF + FTC + versus Efavirenz + ZDV-3TC

Study 934: Study Design

- **Background:** Randomized, open label phase 3 study comparing efavirenz plus either tenofovir DF and emtricitabine or fixed-dose zidovudine-lamivudine
- **Inclusion Criteria (n = 509)**
 - Antiretroviral-naïve adults
 - Age ≥ 18 years
 - HIV RNA $\geq 10,000$ copies/mL
 - CD4 > 50 cells/mm³
 - No AIDS conditions in prior 30 days
- **Treatment Arms**
 - Efavirenz + tenofovir DF + emtricitabine
 - Efavirenz + zidovudine-lamivudine

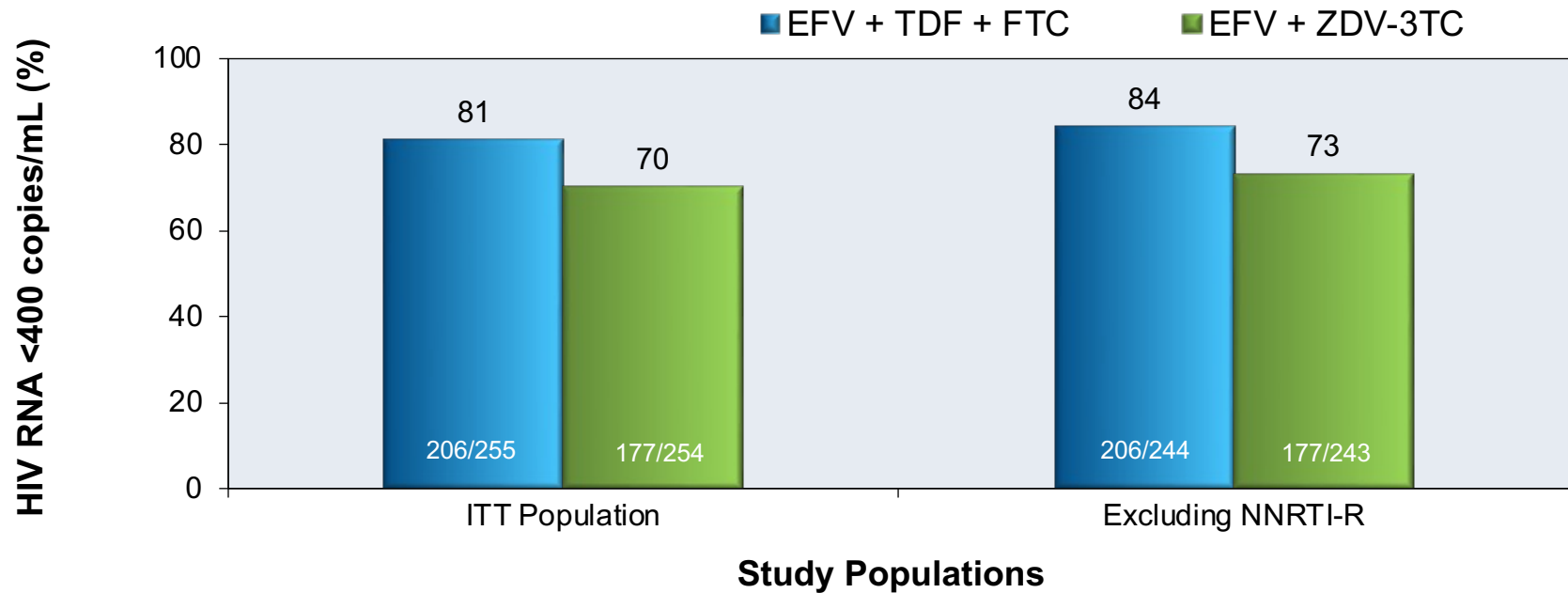
EFV QD + TDF + FTC QD
(n = 255)

EFV QD + ZDV-3TC BID
(n = 254)

Efavirenz + TDF + FTC + versus Efavirenz + ZDV-3TC

Study 934: Results

Week 48: Virologic Response (<400 copies/mL)

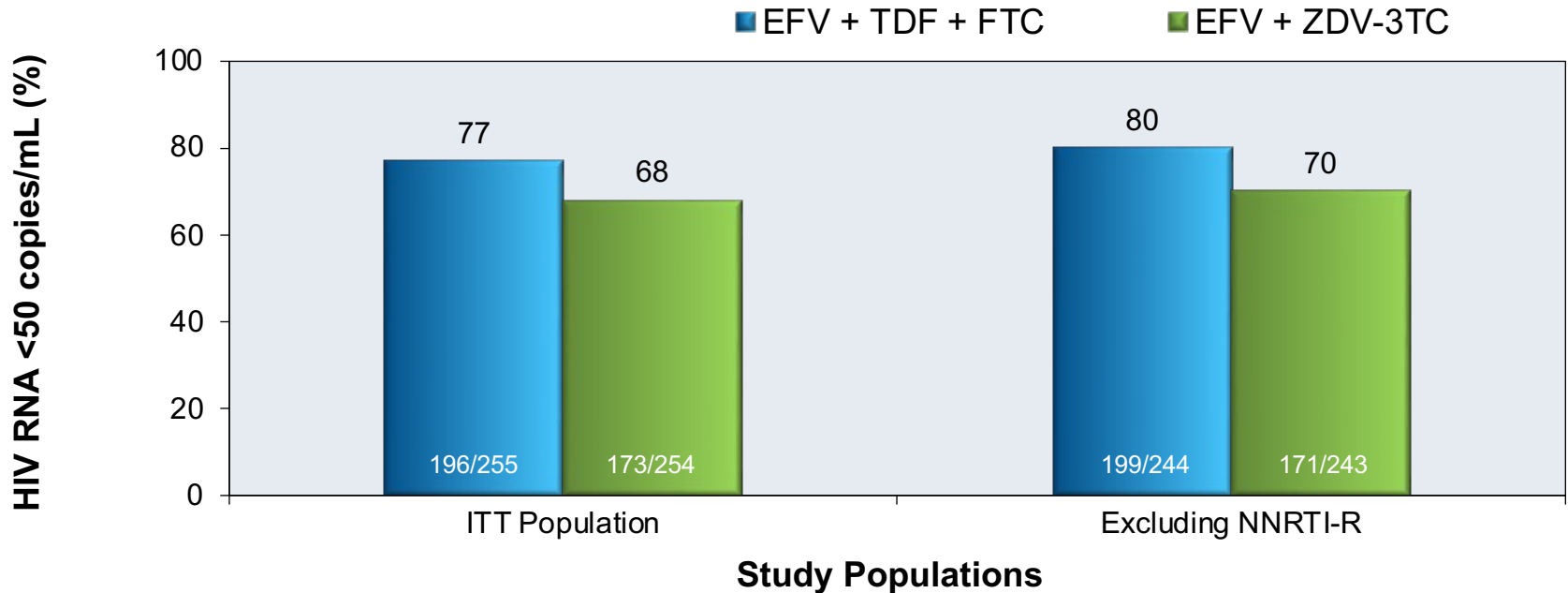


Abbreviations: ITT = Intention-to-Treat; NNRTI-R = Patients with baseline NNRTI mutations.

Efavirenz + TDF + FTC + versus Efavirenz + ZDV-3TC

Study 934: Results

Week 48: Virologic Response (<50 copies/mL)

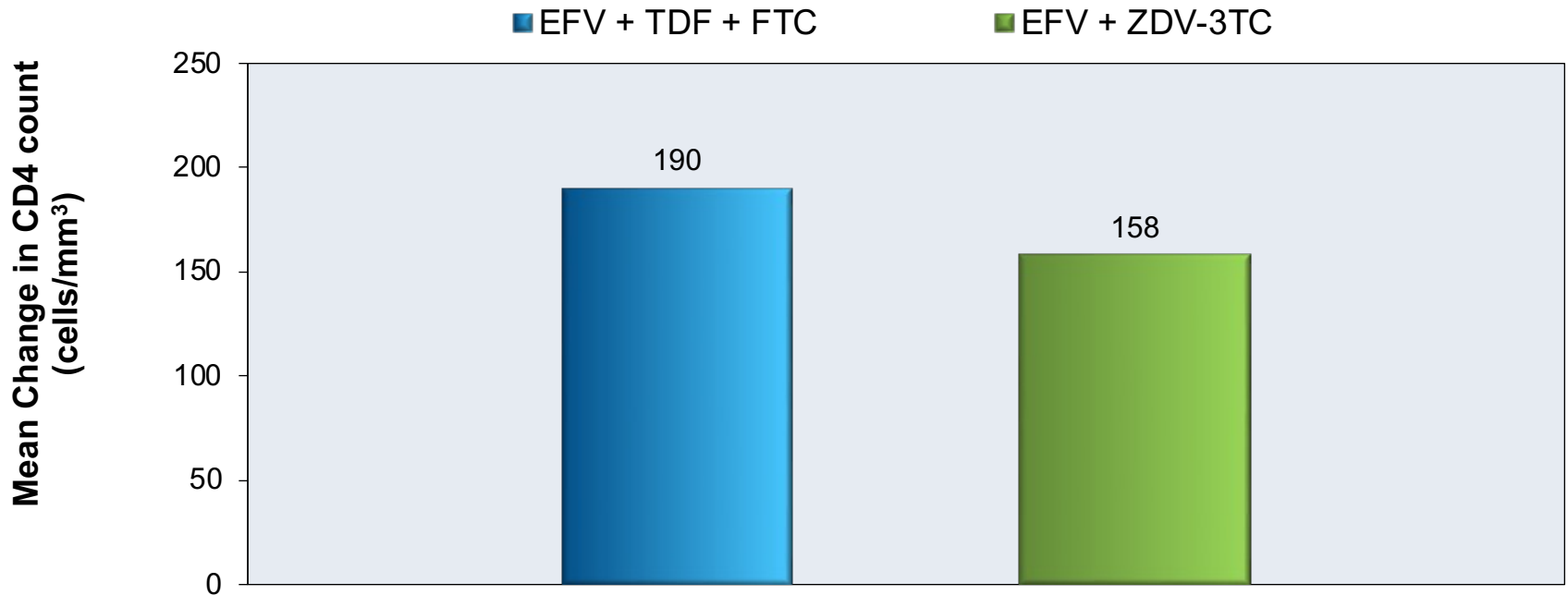


Abbreviations: ITT = Intention-to-Treat; NNRTI-R = Patients with baseline NNRTI resistance mutations.

Efavirenz + TDF + FTC + versus Efavirenz + ZDV-3TC

Study 934: Results

Week 48: Immunologic Response

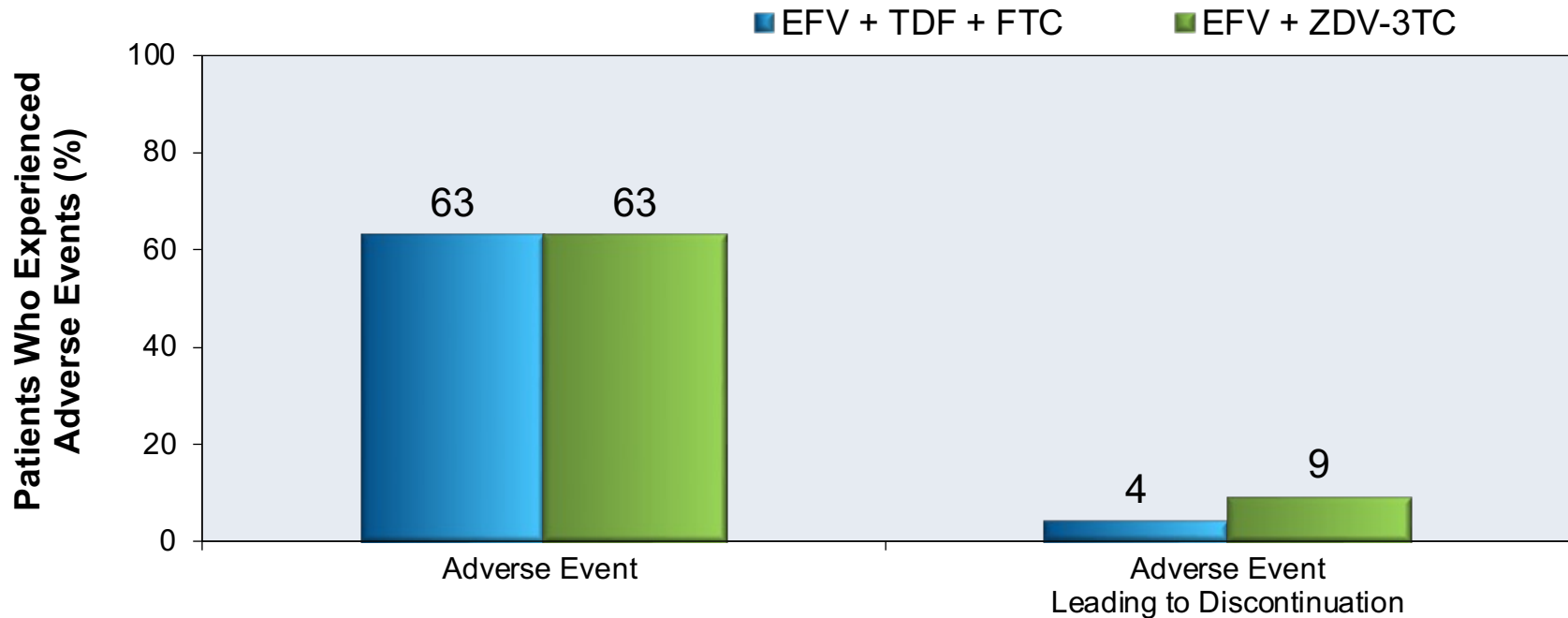


Source: Gallant JE, et al. N Engl J Med. 2006;354:251-60.

Efavirenz + TDF + FTC + versus Efavirenz + ZDV-3TC

Study 934: Results

Adverse Events Through 48 Weeks



Efavirenz + TDF + FTC + versus Efavirenz + ZDV-3TC

Study 934: Common Adverse Events

Treatment Emergent Adverse Events in $\geq 5\%$ of Subjects in Either Arm		
	EFV + TDF + FTC (n = 257)	EFV + ZVD-3TC (n= 254)
Dizziness	8%	7%
Nausea	8%	6%
Diarrhea	7%	4%
Fatigue	7%	6%
Depression	4%	7%
Headache	5%	4%
Rash	5%	4%
Insomnia	4%	5%
Anemia	<1%	5%

TDF+ FTC + Efavirenz versus ZDV-3TC+ Efavirenz Study 934: Conclusions

Interpretation: “Through week 48, the combination of tenofovir DF and emtricitabine plus efavirenz fulfilled the criteria for noninferiority to a fixed dose of zidovudine and lamivudine plus efavirenz and proved superior in terms of virologic suppression, CD4 response, and adverse events resulting in discontinuation of the study drugs.”

Acknowledgments

The **National HIV Curriculum** is supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) as part of a financial assistance award totaling \$1,021,448 with 0% financed with non-governmental sources. The contents are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily represent the official views of, nor an endorsement, by HRSA, HHS, or the U.S. Government. For more information, please visit HRSA.gov. This project is led by the University of Washington's Infectious Diseases Education and Assessment (IDEA) Program.

